

MAT 5120 - ADVANCED ALGEBRA - 2020-2021 SPRING

HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT 1

DUE APRIL 1ST 2021

There are 10 questions each worth 10 points.

- (1) Let  $G = \{a + b\sqrt{5} \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Q}\}$ .
- Prove that  $G$  is a group under addition.
  - Prove that  $G - \{0\}$  is a group under multiplication.
- (2) Let  $D_{2n} = \langle r, s \mid r^n = s^2 = 1, rs = sr^{-1} \rangle$ .
- Show that for any element  $x = sr^i \in D_{2n}$ , where  $0 \leq i \leq n - 1$ , we have  $rx = xr^{-1}$ .
  - Show that any element  $x = sr^i \in D_{2n}$ , where  $0 \leq i \leq n - 1$ , has order 2.
  - Show that if  $n = 2k$  is even and  $n \geq 4$ , then  $z = r^k$  is an element of order 2 which commutes with all elements of  $D_{2n}$ , and  $z$  is the only nonidentity element of  $D_{2n}$  which commutes with all elements of  $D_{2n}$ .
  - Show that if  $n$  is odd and  $n \geq 3$ , then the identity is the only element of  $D_{2n}$  which commutes with all elements of  $D_{2n}$ .
- (3) (a) Find the order of  $(1\ 8)(2\ 11\ 3\ 7\ 10)(4\ 9\ 15)(5\ 17\ 16\ 13)(6\ 12\ 14) \in S_{17}$ .
- (b) Let  $\sigma = (1\ 2\ 3\ 4\ 5\ 6\ 7\ 8\ 9\ 10\ 11\ 12) \in S_{12}$ . For which positive integers  $i$  is  $\sigma^i$  also a 12-cycle?
- (c) Let  $\tau = (1\ 2)(3\ 4)(5\ 6)(7\ 8)(9\ 10)(11\ 12)(13\ 14) \in S_{14}$ . Is there a cycle  $\sigma \in S_{14}$  such that  $\tau = \sigma^k$  for some integer  $k$ .
- (d) Let  $\tau = (1\ 2\ 3)(4\ 5\ 6)(7\ 8\ 9)(10\ 11\ 12)(13\ 14\ 15) \in S_{15}$ . Is there a cycle  $\sigma \in S_{15}$  such that  $\tau = \sigma^k$  for some integer  $k$ .
- (4) (a) Find all numbers  $n$  such that  $S_7$  contains an element of order  $n$ . Explain your answer.
- (b) Find the smallest value of  $n$  such that  $S_n$  contains an element of order 35. Explain your answer.
- (5) (a) Write out the group tables for  $S_3$ ,  $D_6$ ,  $D_8$ , and  $Q_8$ .
- (6) (a) Show that  $S_3$  and  $D_6$  are isomorphic.
- (b) Show that  $D_8$  and  $Q_8$  are nonisomorphic.
- (7) Let  $G = GL_2(\mathbb{F}_2)$ .
- Show that  $|G| = 6$ .
  - Write out all elements of  $G$  and compute their orders.
  - Show that  $G$  is nonabelian.
  - Show that  $G \cong S_3$ .

(8) Let  $G$  be a group.

(a) Show that for any  $x \in G$ ,  $|x| = |x^{-1}|$ .

(b) Let  $\phi : G \rightarrow G$  be defined as  $\phi(x) = x^{-1}$ . Show that  $\phi$  is a homomorphism if and only if  $G$  is abelian.

(9) Let  $G = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid z^n = 1 \text{ for some } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+\}$ , let  $k \in \mathbb{Z}$  where  $k > 1$ , and define  $\phi : G \rightarrow G$  as  $\phi(z) = z^k$ . Show that  $\phi$  is a surjective homomorphism but is not an isomorphism.

(10) Let  $A$  be a nonempty set,  $k$  be a positive integer with  $k \leq |A|$ , and  $B = \{X \subseteq A : |X| = k\}$ . The symmetric group  $S_A$  acts on  $B$  by  $\sigma \cdot \{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_k\} = \{\sigma(a_1), \sigma(a_2), \dots, \sigma(a_k)\}$ .

(a) Show that this is a group action.

(b) Describe explicitly how the elements  $(1\ 2)$  and  $(1\ 2\ 3)$  act on the six 2-element subsets of  $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ .